THE SOME CHEMICAL QUALITY PROPERTIES OF SIRT, ŞEKERPARE, BOHÇA AND KUŞGÖMÜ PASTIRMA TYPES, A TURKISH DRY MEAT PRODUCT

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Abstract- In this study, moisture, pH, ash, fat, residual nitrite and fatty acid composition of sırt, şekerpare, kuşgömü and bohça pastirma types were determined to the 62 pastirma samples (16 sırt, 16 kuşgömü, 16 şekerpare and 14 bohça), collected from markets of Erzurum, İstanbul, Bursa and Kayseri.

The significant differences were determined among the pastrma types in moisture (p<0.01), ash (p<0.01), salt (p<0.01), total fat (p<0.01), residual nitrite (p<0.05) and stearic acid amounts (p<0.05). For average pH and fatty acid composition (except for stearic acid) no differences were observed among pastrma types (p>0.05).

In average, the highest moisture amount was found in the şekerpare ($48.23\pm4.09\%$) and sirt ($47.56\pm5.29\%$) pastirma type; ash was in the bohça ($9.23\pm1.38\%$), kuşgömü ($8.58\pm1.56\%$) and şekerpare ($8.58\pm1.56\%$) pastirma type; salt was in the bohça ($8.49\pm1.57\%$), kuşgömü ($8.07\pm1.63\%$) and şekerpare ($7.92\pm1.80\%$) pastirma type; total fat was in the sirt ($8.80\pm5.58\%$) and kuşgömü ($8.69\pm5.56\%$) pastirma types, and residual nitrite (16.15 ± 15.73 ppm) was in the kuşgömü pastırma type.

Keywords: Pastırma Types, Sırt Pastırma, Kuşgömü Pastırma, Şekerpare Pastırma, Bohça Pastırma, Dryed-cured Meat, Fatty Acid Composition, Residual Nitrite